The figures in the foregoing table will probably be found interesting, as giving some idea of the enormous quantities of some kinds of fish that are taken annually, though they are almost too large to convey any really correct impression.

Quantities and values kinds of fish, 1869-1890.

556. The next table is a summary of the quantities and of certain values of the same fish, taken during the period:

CANADIAN FISHERIES.

TOTAL QUANTITIES AND VALUES OF CERTAIN KINDS OF FISH TAKEN DURING THE YEARS 1869-1890.

KINDS OF FISH.	Quantity.	Value.	
	\$	\$	
Cod and ling	19,856,191	83,052,048	
Haddock Lbs.	256,055,030	10,187,393	
Mackerel, pickled Brls. fresh, in cans Lbs.	$2,980,818 \mid \ 6,988,285 \mid \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	30,803,951	
Herring, pickled Brls. " smoked Boxes. " fresh Lbs. " frozen No.	7,845,478 20,698,822 50,492,324 *175,667,210	- 39,927,616	
Salmon, pickled Brls. "smoked and fresh and in cans Lbs.	$154,266\frac{1}{2}$ $190,380,357$	26,388,094	
Lobsters "	299,810,583	35, 449, 561	
Smelts "	64,923,072	3,663,120	
Fish oils Galls.	18,250,368	9,941,357	

^{*} The quantity of frozen herring for 1890 is included in "herring fresh."

The fishery laws of the Dominion.

THE FISHERY LAWS OF THE DOMINION. Table of Close Seasons in force 31st December, 1890.

KINDS OF FISH.	Ontario.	Quebec.		New Brunswick		Manitoba and NW.T.
Salmon (net fishing)	Sep. 15 to May 1.	May 1. Aug. 15 to Feb. 1. Oct. 1 to Dec. 31.	March 1. Aug. 15 to Feb. 1. Oct. 1 to April 1.	March 1. Aug. 15 to Feb. 1. Sept. 15 to May 1. Sept. 15 to	Oct. 1 to Dec. 1.	Oct. 1 to Jan. 1.